Trends in Manufacturing Research: DIGITAL MANUFACTURING Perspectives and Outlook

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OUTLINE

- Introduction
- The importance of Manufacturing
- MANUFUTURE Approach
- Digital Factory: Academic and Industrial Perspectives
 - CAD, CAE, CAPP and CAM
 - Manufacturing Control
 - Simulation of Manufacturing Systems
 - Enterprise Resource Planning and Manufacturing Optimization
- Recent Developments
- Outlook Digital Manufacturing



They said ...

"I think there's a world market for maybe five computers."

(Thomas Watson, the Chairman of IBM, in 1940)

"I have traveled the length and breadth of this country and talked with the best people, and I can assure you that <u>data processing is a fad</u> that won't last out the year."

(The Editor in Charge of business books for Prentice Hall, in 1957)

"There is <u>no reason</u> why anyone would want <u>to have a computer</u> in their home."

(President of Digital Equipment Corporation, in 1977)

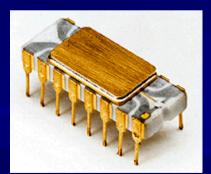
Years



1940

1950

1960



1970

1980

1990

2000

IT evolution

Machine Accounting

Data Processing

Mainframe Data Centers

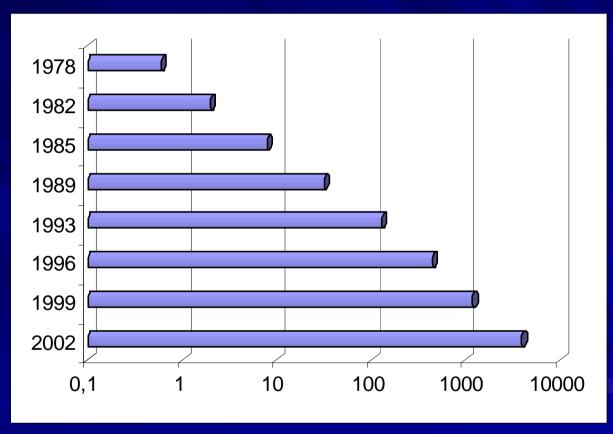
Information Services

Minicomputers

Microcomputers

Client / Server Technology

Internet / Intranet



CPU Million Instructions Per Second (MIPS)

The Product Development & Product Lifecycle include the following stages:

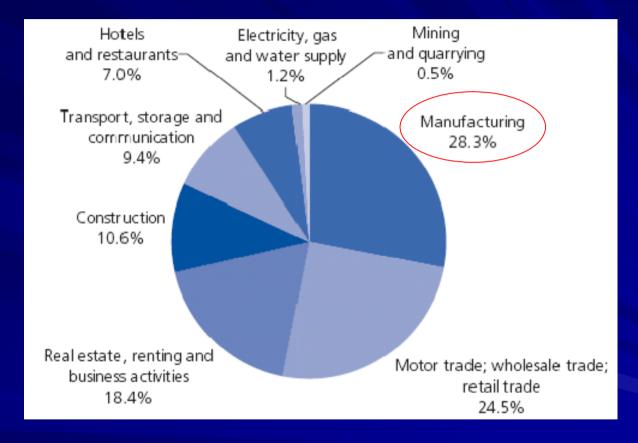
- ✓ Product Conceptualization
- ✓ Product Design
- ✓ Process Planning
- ✓ Production Network Optimization
- ✓ Manufacturing
- ✓ Maintenance and End of Product Lifecycle

During product development <u>CAD tools</u> have been extensively used over the last years in order to <u>speed-up the development process</u> and to <u>eliminate</u> <u>the need for early physical prototypes</u>

The logical continuation of the <u>Digital Product Development</u> process is the <u>Digital Factory</u> towards to the <u>Digital Manufacturing</u>

The Importance of Manufacturing

Manufacturing = Jobs + Value

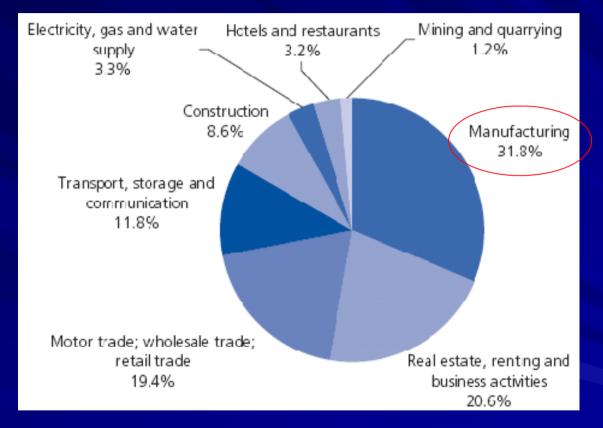


Breakdown of number of persons employed in the non-financial business economy, EU-25, 2003 (Source: Eurostat yearbook 2006-07)



The importance of Manufacturing

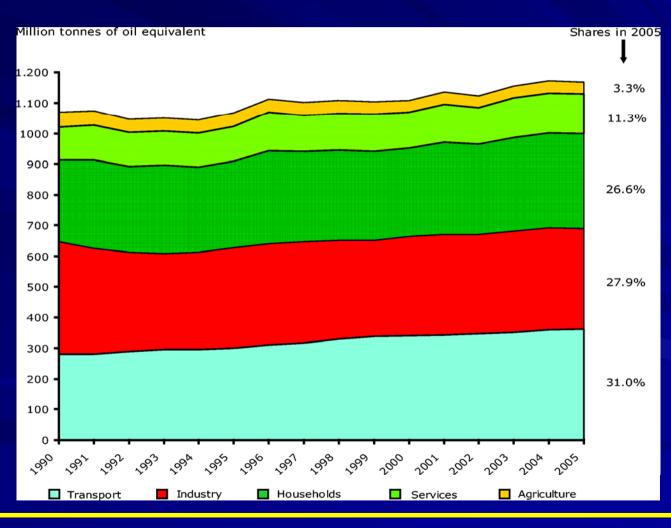
Manufacturing = Jobs + Value



Breakdown of value added at factor cost in the non-financial business economy, EU-25, 2003 (Source: Eurostat yearbook 2006-07)

The importance of Manufacturing

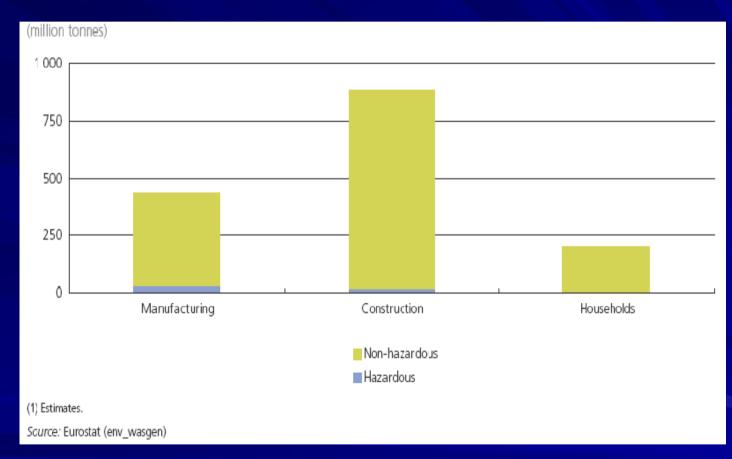
Manufacturing has a substantial environmental impact



Final energy consumption by sector, EU-27 (Source: European Environment Agency, Energy & Environment Report 2008)

The importance of Manufacturing

Manufacturing has a substantial environmental impact

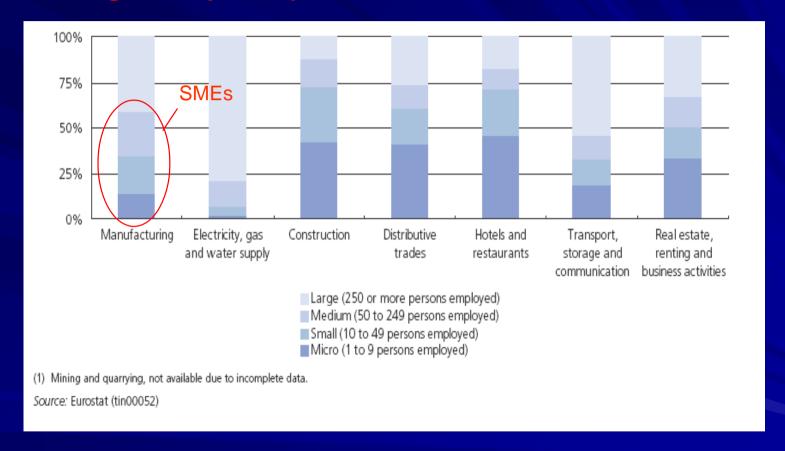


Generation of waste by origin, EU27, 2004 (Source: EUROSTAT Statistical Books, Europe in Figures, Year Book 2008)



The importance of manufacturing

Manufacturing activity is important for SMEs

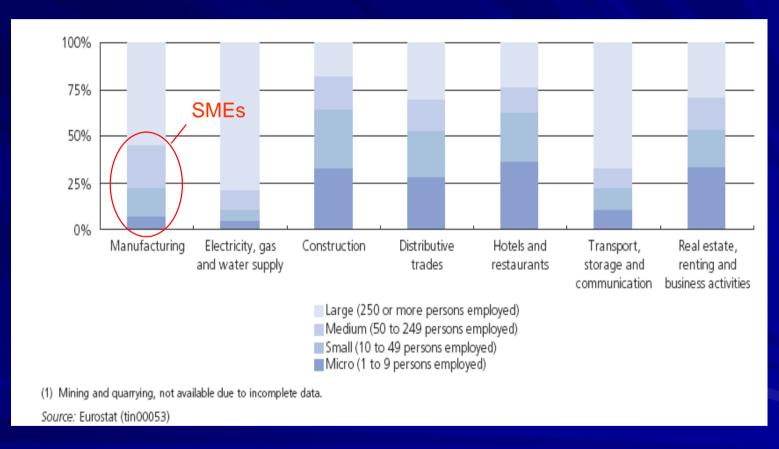


Employment by enterprise size class, EU 27, 2004 (%) of Sectorial Total (Source: EUROSTAT Statistical Books, Europe in Figures, Year Book 2008)



The importance of manufacturing

Manufacturing activity is important for SMEs



Value added by enterprise size class, EU 27, 2004 (%) of Sectorial Total (Source: EUROSTAT Statistical Books, Europe in Figures, Year Book 2008)



CHALLENGES for European Manufacturing

- European Manufacturing has been addressing major challenges like:
 - productivity growth
 - competitive pressure
 - environmental impact
 - innovation risks etc
- A number of underlying <u>socio-economic and technological drivers</u> have affected the developments
 - globalization
 - S&T advances
 - sustainability requirements
 - regulatory environment etc.
- The current <u>economic crisis</u> has made the situation even more challenging, since output in many manufacturing sectors has been especially <u>hard hit</u> by the financial crisis and has experienced the <u>sharpest</u> <u>decline in decades</u>

MANUFUTURE Mission



The mission of MANUFUTURE is to propose a strategy based on research and innovation, capable of speeding up the rate of industrial transformation in Europe, securing high added value employment and winning a major share of world manufacturing output in the future knowledge driven economy

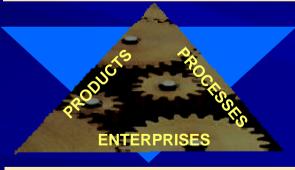
MANUFUTURE Approach

... from resource-based to knowledge-based manufacturing

MANUFUTURE

Compete by REDUCING COSTS

Cheap labour, Automation MANUFACTURING
Research-Innovation based



European industrial sectors

Compete by HIGH VALUE ADDED

High performance
Customisation
New business models
New human capital



DIGITAL FACTORY

The Digital Factory comprises digital planning and optimization of the real-life plant as well as of its production processes on the basis of an integrated data model and geometry-based planning



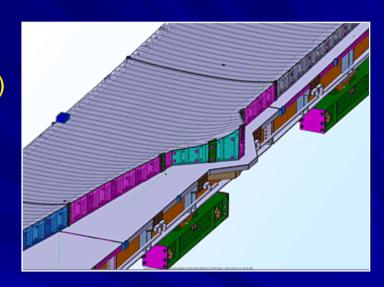
Product Design, Process and Production Planning procedures are supported by:

- Advanced <u>simulation</u> tools and models
- Computer Aided Design / Manufacturing CAD / CAM SW packages
- Enterprise Resource Planning ERP systems
- Supply Chain Management <u>SCM</u> systems based on Computer-Integrated Manufacturing – <u>CIM</u> - concepts
- Product Lifecycle Planning and Management PLM methods



Computer Aided Design (CAD) Systems

- 3D Virtual Product <u>Functional</u> Modelling
- Collaborative Environment (Groups / Suppliers)
- Parts Libraries
- FEA / Simulation Integration
- Product Engineering Optimization
- Styling Capabilities
- Integrated NC programming
- Product Lifecycle Modelling Features
- Rapid Prototyping Technology



CAD image (CATIA v5) of the creep forming tool for panel 1 of the Airbus A380 wing skins, showing the aluminium skin (dark grey) resting on the forming surface, which is supported by laser-cut steel ribs. The forming tool stands on a steel deck (pale grey), and the whole assembly is moved on bogie units (green)

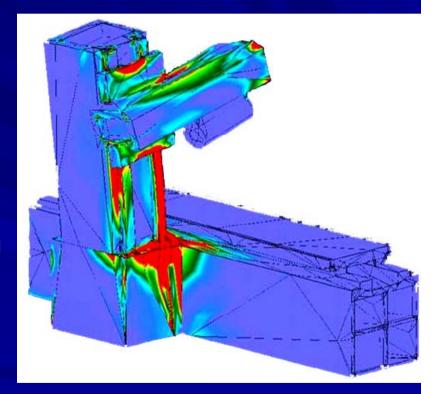
http://www.bennettmg.co.uk/News/news_airbus_ca_tia.html



Computer Aided Engineering (CAE) Systems

CAE systems are used for <u>reducing the level of hardware prototyping</u> during product development and for <u>improving understanding</u> of the system:

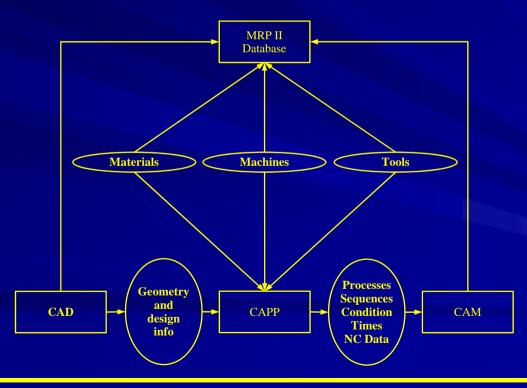
- Computational Fluid Dynamics using 3D mesh and simplified Navier-Stokes equations to predict fluid flow
- Finite Element Analysis for analysing materials for structural characteristics, thermal performance and electromagnetic fields
- One-dimensional fluid analysis for predicting the flow of a fluid around circuits, e.g. pipes
- Often <u>integrated in advanced CAD</u> systems



Computer Aided Process Planning (CAPP) Systems

<u>Process Planning</u> activities determine the necessary <u>manufacturing processes and</u> <u>their sequence</u> in order to produce a given part <u>economically</u> and <u>competitively</u>

<u>CAPP</u> <u>aim at automating process planning tasks</u> so that the process plans are generated consistently



Ssemakula, M.E. (1990).
Process planning system in the CIM environment,
Computers and Industrial
Engineering, 19/1-4, 452-456

Computer Aided Manufacturing (CAM) and NC

CNC Machining was one of the most important developments for manufacturing technologies in the 20th century, allowing for **Mass Production** of consumer products and **Flexibility in** cases of specialized parts

- Most CAD/CAM systems are capable of generating CNC tool paths, providing interactive graphic animations to verify the NC part program
- The planning of the machining process, including decisions regarding roughing and finishing, number of passes and sequence of paths, relies on the programmer's knowledge
- CAM systems of the future will be able to use downloaded tooling geometry, and to make use of vendor-approved manufacturing processes for the tooling

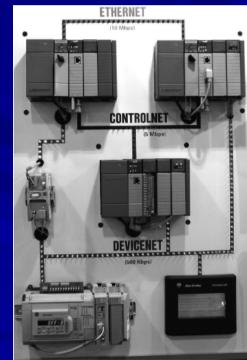


Manufacturing Control

Automation in production systems is considered as a way to improve flexibility

Huge steps have been made from the pneumatic transmission of process data and pneumatic controllers to PLCs of the **70's**, the multi-variable model-based predictive controllers of the **80's**, and the large – handling over 400 variables – controllers of the **90's**

- **Smart sensors and actuators** able to process information related to calibration, fault detection, diagnosis and others, appeared during the **1990's** and allowed the control of complex functions or processes
- New technologies (802.11, RFID) enable the wireless transmission of data even in noisy industrial environments
- Integration of Control Systems with CAD / CAM and Scheduling Systems as well as real-time control based on the distributed networking between sensors and control devices are key research topics

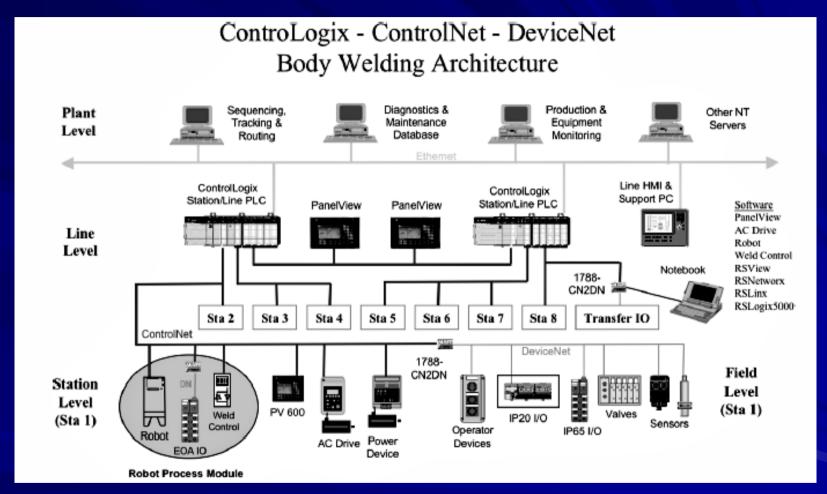


(Courtesy of Rockwell Automation, USA)

Director: Prof. George Chryssolouris



Manufacturing Control



An example of a Rockwell Automation, Allen-Bradley developed automotive body welding architecture, with real-time distributed networking between sensors and management monitoring and control systems (Courtesy of Rockwell Automation, USA)

Simulation of Manufacturing Systems

Computer simulation is widely used technique in MFGs design, enabling <u>decision</u> <u>makers and engineers to investigate the complexity of the systems</u> and <u>how</u> <u>changes in the system configuration or in the operational policies</u> may affect the performance of the system / organization

- Simulation Systems offer <u>advanced visualization capabilities</u>
- Integration and interfaces with other IT systems
- Virtual Reality Applications for process simulation and verification
- <u>Digital Human Simulation</u>, including motion capturing / modeling techniques
- Virtual Collaborative Environments
- <u>Ergonomics and safety</u>, employing prognostic and diagnostic tools (fault tree analysis, decision tools, risk assessment, discomfort evaluation)

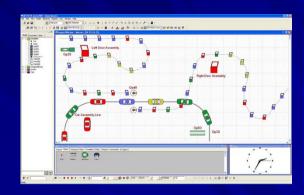
Discrete Event Simulation

Main Research Areas

- Flexibility Assessment Quantification
- Change management and adaptability
- Automotive assembly simulation
- Cost modelling of assembly operations
- Supply chain network flexibility

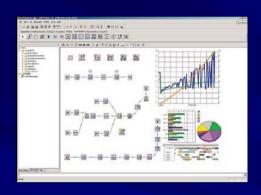
Tools

- Witness
- □ Tecnomatix eM-Plant
- ☐ iThink etc

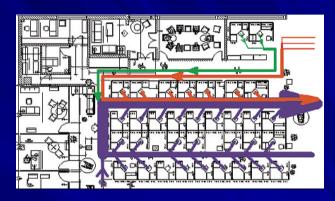




Automotive Assembly Line Modelling







Discrete-event Simulation and 3d Modelling

- Final Assembly
- BodylnWhite (BIW)
- Production departments (Punching department, etc)

ERP and Manufacturing Optimization

- The <u>Material Requirements Planning (MRP)</u> systems in the <u>1970's</u>, were complemented with additional capabilities, leading to closed-loop MRP SW Systems
- The <u>Manufacturing Resources Planning (MRP II)</u> systems of the <u>1980's</u> incorporated the financial accounting and management systems
- The MRP II concept was expanded to incorporate all resource planning and business processes of the entire enterprise (e.g. human resources, project management, product design, materials and capacity planning)
- The **ERP concept** was devised to integrate smaller, otherwise isolated, systems so that real-time resource accountability across all business units and facilities of a corporation could be maintained
- Real-time manufacturing scheduling and production planning
- E-business and E-work applications
- Supply Chain Management (SCM)



ERP Implementations

ERP implementations usually prove to be huge and complex projects, often resulting in cost and schedule overruns - Statistics show that (Standish Group, 1998)



- Only 10% of ERP implementations are considered fully successful in terms of functionality, estimated costs and time frames
- The average cost overruns reach a 178%
- The average schedule overruns reach a 230%
- The average implemented functionality reaches a 41% of what originally designed / desired

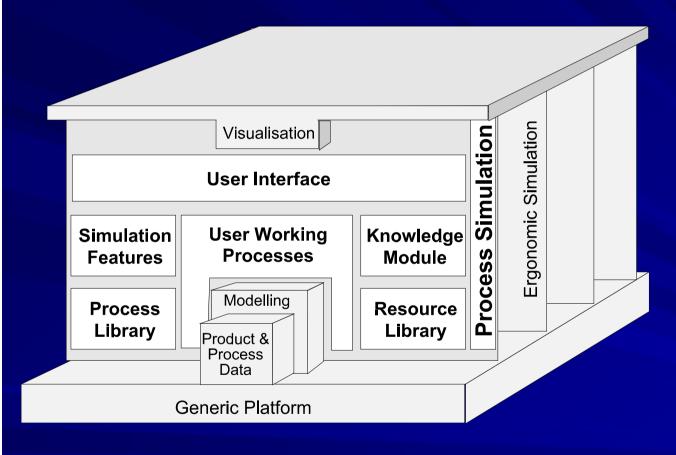
RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

☐ Academic research

☐ Industrial practices

□ Software systems

Digital Mock-up Process Simulation

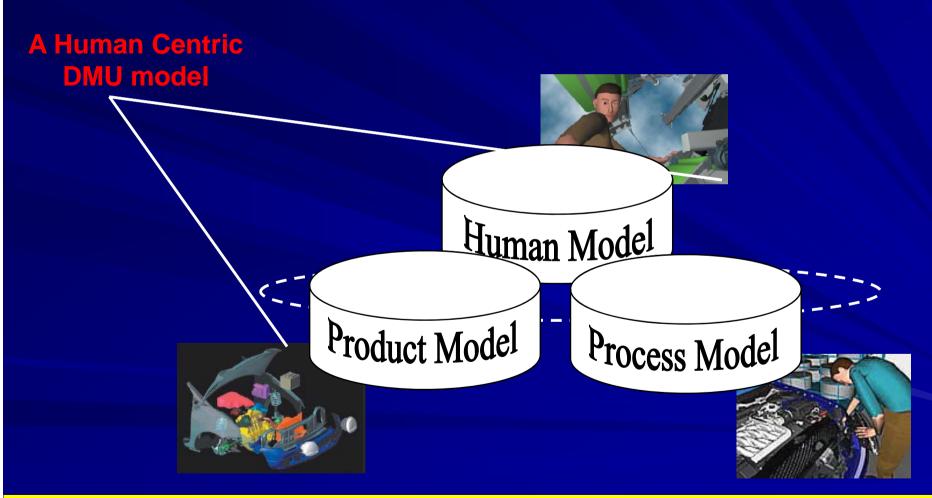


An integrated framework applied to the automotive & aerospace industry

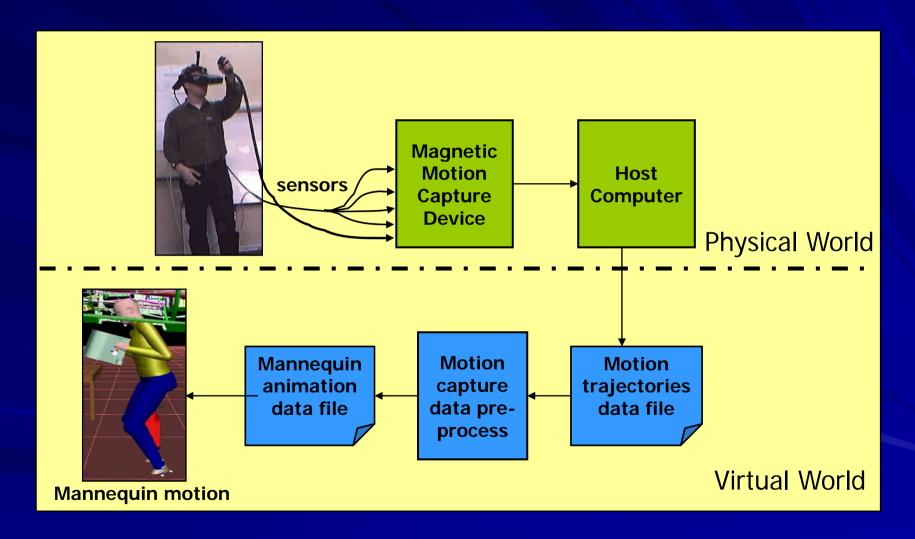
Mavrikios, D., and G. Chryssolouris, "Digital Mock-up Process Simulation", Proceedings of the 3rd Aero days Post-Conference, Nouvelle Revue d' Aeronautique et d' Astronautique, Toulouse, France, (No 2, 1998), pp. 29-33.



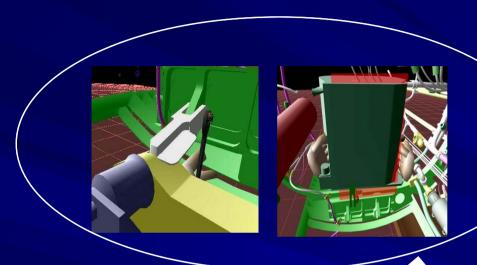
Digital Mock-up Process Simulation



Maintainability Analysis and Human Simulation



Maintainability Analysis and Human Simulation



... from *immersive* planning using a **Real Human**

... to *desktop* analysis for a range of human populations using **Digital Mannequins**

Chryssolouris, G., D. Mavrikios, D. Fragos, V. Karabatsou and K. Alexopoulos, "A hybrid approach to the verification and analysis of assembly and maintenance processes using Virtual Reality and Digital Mannequin technologies", In Virtual Reality and Augmented Reality Applications in Manufacturing (ISBN 1-85233-796-6), Nee A.Y.C. and Ong S.K. (eds), Springer-Verlag, London (2004).





Virtual Manufacturing





Immersive VR environments for *Process Analysis*

Assembly

Machining

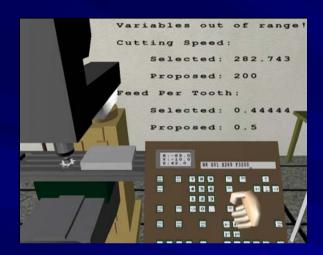
Chryssolouris, G., D. Mavrikios, D. Fragos, V. Karabatsou and K. Pistiolis, "A Novel Virtual Experimentation Approach to Planning and Training for Manufacturing Processes-The Virtual Machine Shop", International Journal of Computer Integrated Manufacturing, (Vol.15, No.3, 2002), pp. 214-221.



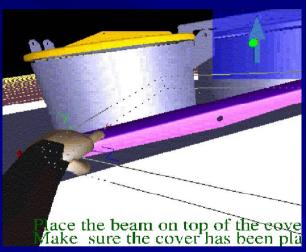




Virtual Manufacturing



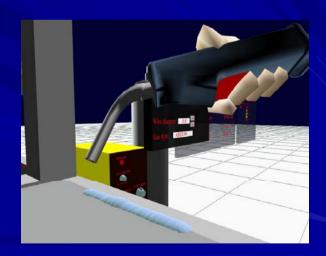
Machining



Assembly

Mavrikios, D., V. Karabatsou, D. Fragos and G. Chryssolouris, "A Prototype Virtual Reality Based Demonstrator for Immersive and Interactive Simulation of Welding Processes", International Journal of Computer Integrated Manufacturing, (Vol.19, No.3, 2006), pp. 294-300.

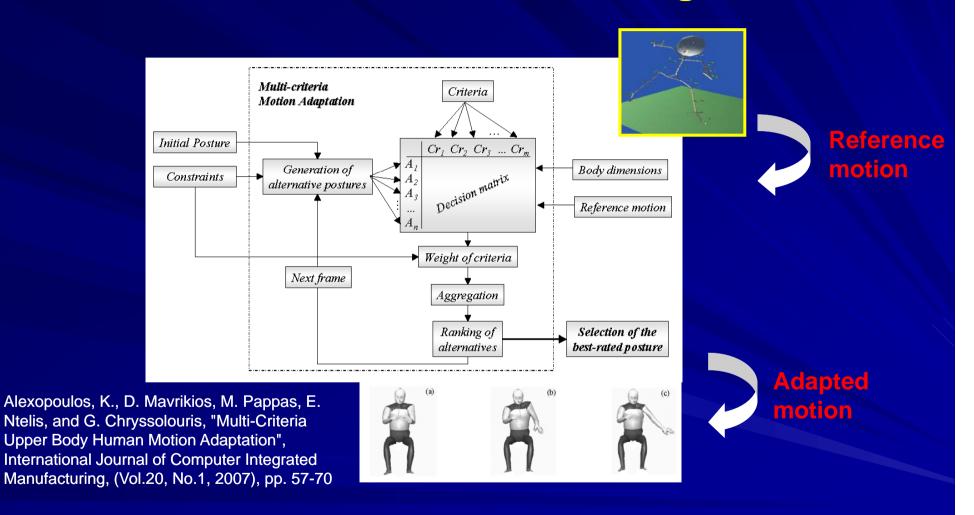
Immersive VR environments for **Process Training**



Welding



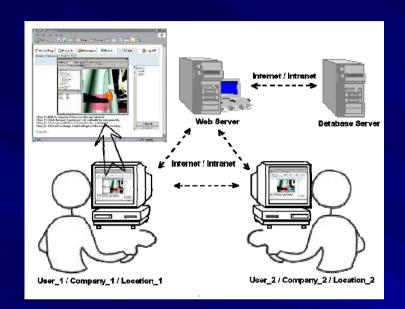
Human Motion Modelling



Multi-criteria upper body human motion adaptation



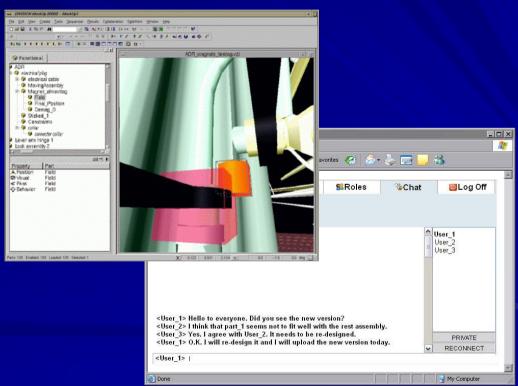
Collaborative Design and Manufacturing



Pappas, M., V. Karabatsou, D. Mavrikios and G. Chryssolouris, "Development of a web-based collaboration platform for manufacturing product and process design evaluation using virtual reality techniques", International Journal of Computer Integrated Manufacturing, (Vol.19, No. 8, 2006), pp. 805-814.



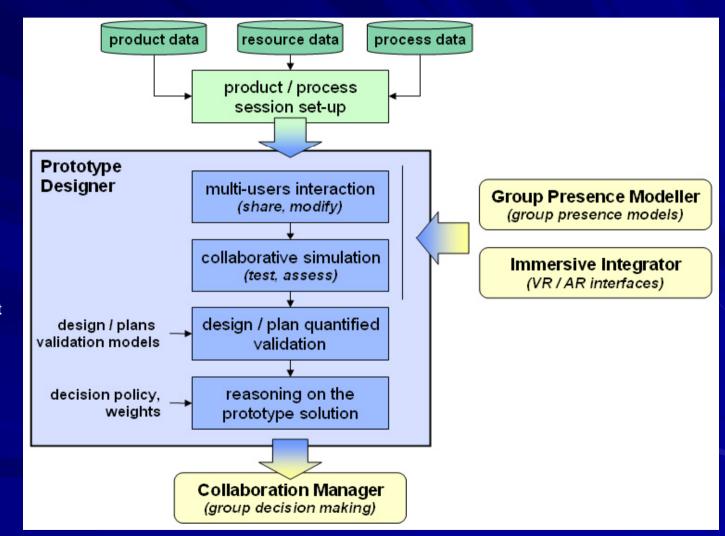
Web-based interaction & collaborative product / process assessment



Collaborative Design and Manufacturing

Integrating VR & Decision Making in CME

Mavrikios, D., M. Pappas, V. Karabatsou and G. Chryssolouris, "A new concept for collaborative product & process design within a human-oriented Collaborative Manufacturing Environment", The Future of Product Development: Proceedings of the 17th CIRP Design Conference (ISBN 978-3-540-69819-7), Krause F.-L. (ed), Springer-Verlag, London (2007), pp. 301-310.



Human Simulation in Assembly

Methods

- Vision analysis
- Reachability tests
- Accessibility tests
- Posture analysis
- Carry analysis
- Push/pull analysis
- Lift analysis (NIOSH)

Critical assembly tasks

- overhead-assembling
- operations to be done almost "blind"
- heavy and/or frequent lifting activities
- operations with high level of hand-flexibility
- operations which demand bending or torsion of the upper body
- operations including a longer period of continuous static work



Concept / rough designs of assembly process

evaluation
of alternative designs
for the assembly

process

Detailed design of assembly process

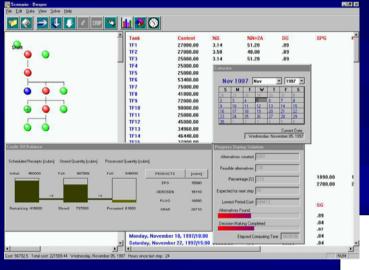
MY-CAR IP "Flexible assembly processes for the car of the third millennium" - FP6-026631-2

Re-design recommendations



Real-time manufacturing scheduling and production planning

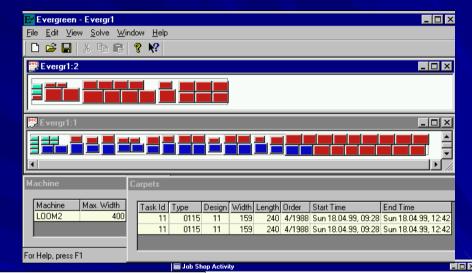
- Multi Criteria Decision Making
- Performance indicators
- Gantt Chart

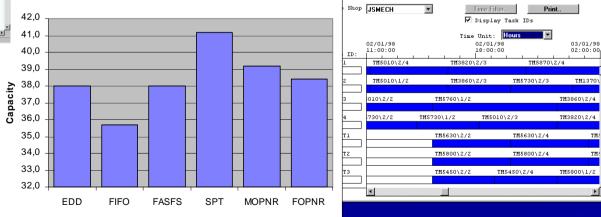


G. Chryssolouris, N. Papakostas and D. Mourtzis,

"Refinery Short-term scheduling with tank farm, inventory and distillation management: an integrated simulationbased approach",

European Journal of Operations Research, (Vol.166, 2005), pp. 812-827

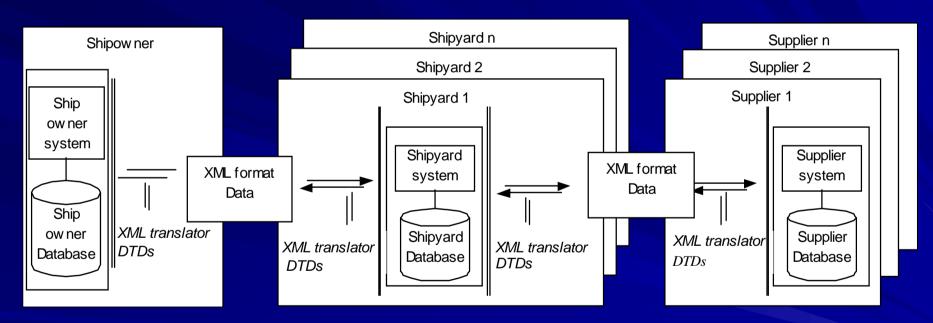






Supply Chain Management XML DATA FLOW

Communication in Production Network



S. Makris, V. Xanthakis, D. Mourtzis and G. Chryssolouris,

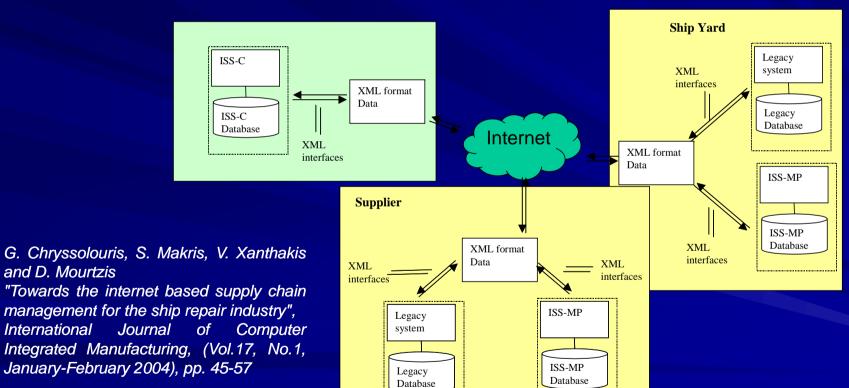
"On the information modelling for the electronic operation of supply chains: A maritime case study", Robotics and Computer-Integrated Manufacturing, (Vol.24, No.1, 2008), pp. 140-149

D. Mourtzis, "An integrated system for managing ship repair operations", International Journal of Computer Integrated Manufacturing, (Vol. 18, No 8, 2005), pp. 721-733

Supply Chain Management

HETEROGENEOUS APPLICATIONS INTEGRATION

- XML based integration
- Application in shipyards enterprise



"Towards the internet based supply chain management for the ship repair industry", International Journal Integrated Manufacturing, (Vol.17, No.1,

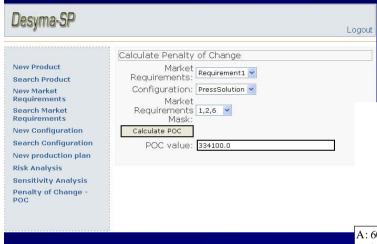
January-February 2004), pp. 45-57

and D. Mourtzis

Flexibility in Manufacturing Systems

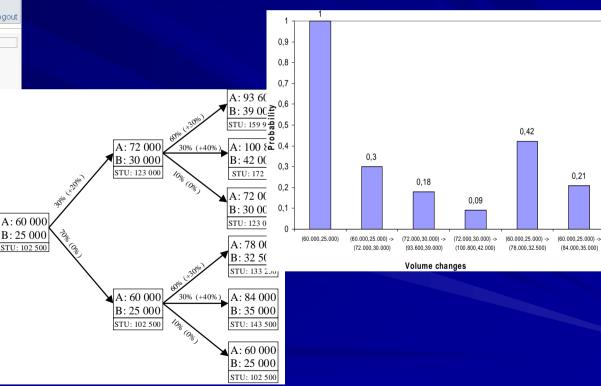
PENALTY OF CHANGE

- Flexibility measurement / quantification
- Inclusion of flexibility in decision making



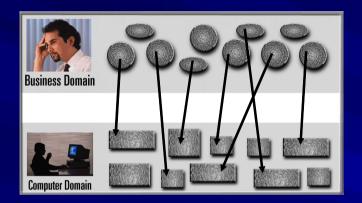
K. Alexopoulos, D. Mourtzis, N. Papakostas, and G. Chryssolouris, "DESYMA - Assessing flexibility for the

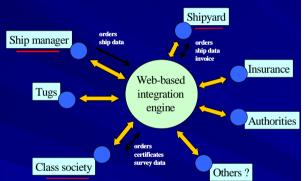
International Journal of Production Research, (Vol. 45, No. 7, 2007), pp. 1683–1694

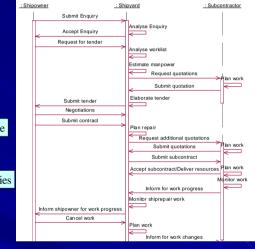


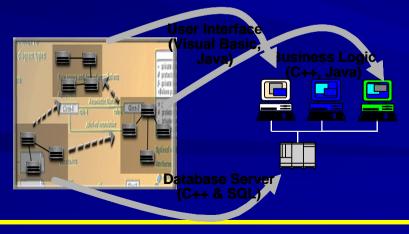
Visual modeling of business processes SHIPYARDS VIRTUAL ENTERPRISE

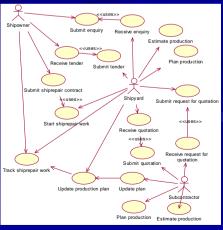
- Business rules modeling
- Companies collaboration











OUTLOOK: Digital Manufacturing

Definition:

 Digital manufacturing is the ability to describe every aspect of the designto-manufacture process digitally — using tools that include digital design, CAD, Office documents, PLM systems, analysis software, simulation, CAM software and so on

Major benefit:

Data created in any department are reusable in a different department

Interesting converging trends:

- Increased emphasis on innovation and successful, rapid, new product launches
- Shorter product lifecycles
- On-demand production driven by customer orders
- The need to accelerate time-to-value in line changeovers reducing costs



Digital Manufacturing

Data integration and availability is the key to success - Integrated and consistent data management is required through all stages of Digital Manufacturing sequence which involves:

- Product development
- Process planning
- Factory layout
- Ergonomics
- Robotics and machining
- Quality control
- Factory simulation

G. Chryssolouris, D. Mavrikios, N. Papakostas, D. Mourtzis, G. Michalos and K. Georgoulias, "Digital Manufacturing: History, Perspectives and Outlook", Journal of Engineering Manufacture, (Vol. 222, 2008), pp. 1-12

Digital Manufacturing

Benefits:

- ✓ Shortened product development
- ✓ Early validation of manufacturing processes
- √ Faster production ramp up and faster time-to-market
- ✓ Reduced manufacturing costs and improved product quality
- ✓ Enhanced product knowledge dissemination
- ✓ Reduction of errors
- ✓ Increase flexibility

Applications:

- Computer Aided Design (CAD) Systems
- Computer Aided Engineering (CAE) Systems
- Computer Aided Process Planning (CAPP) Systems
- Computer Aided Manufacturing (CAM) and NC Machining
- Virtual Reality Applications and Digital Human Simulation
- Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)
- Discrete event simulation



Thank you for your attention !!!

For any more information:



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